## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

UNITED STATES,	§	
	§	
	§	Cr. No. C-07-192 (1)
v.	§	
	§	
JUAN DOMINGUEZ-LOPEZ.	§	

## ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE MOTION UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 2255

After pleading guilty, Juan Dominguez-Lopez ("Dominguez-Lopez") was sentenced by this Court on July 16, 2007. (D.E. 158, 174.) Judgment in his criminal case was entered on July 18, 2007. (D.E. 174.) He did not appeal.

On July 22, 2008, the Clerk received from Dominguez-Lopez a *pro se* motion for extension, now pending before the Court. (D.E. 182.) In it, he requests an extension of time to file a motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255. He does not explain why he needs the extension or why he has not yet filed his § 2255 motion. He merely states that he has "found several Constitutional errors and a miscarriage of Justice during his proceeding including but not limited to an ineffective Assistance. [sic]" (D.E. 182 at 1.)

As an initial matter, although Dominguez-Lopez's deadline for filing a § 2255 motion had not yet expired at the time he filed his motion for extension, it will expire very soon—on August 1, 2008. A motion made under § 2255 is subject to a one-year statute of limitations, which, in most cases, begins to run when the judgment becomes final. 28 U.S.C. § 2255. The Fifth Circuit and the Supreme Court have held that a judgment becomes final when the applicable period for seeking review of a

final conviction has expired. <u>Clay v. United States</u>, 537 U.S. 522, 532 (2003); <u>United States v.</u> <u>Gamble</u>, 208 F.3d 536, 536-37 (5th Cir. 2000) (*per curiam*).

In this case, Dominguez-Lopez's conviction became final after the ten-day period for appealing expired and he failed to appeal, which was on August 1, 2007. Thus, he has one year from that date, or until August 1, 2008 to file his § 2255 motion, as calculated under 28 U.S.C. § 2255(1). The statute also provides certain alternative dates upon which the limitations period may begin, see 28 U.S.C. § 2255(2)-(4) and is also subject to equitable tolling "in rare and exceptional cases." <u>United States v. Riggs</u>, 314 F.3d 796, 799 (5th Cir. 2002) (quoting <u>Davis v. Johnson</u>, 158 F.3d 806, 811 (5th Cir. 1998)).

In any event, while equitable tolling and statutory tolling are available in certain limited circumstances, the Court cannot consider a motion for extension or for tolling without a § 2255 motion before it. See United States v. Shipman, 61 Fed. Appx. 919, 2003 WL 1111561 (5th Cir. February 19, 2003) (unpublished) (affirming the district court's denial of a motion for extension of time to file a § 2255 motion filed without a motion on the merits, and agreeing with the reasoning of United States v. Leon, 203 F.3d 162 (2d Cir. 2000) that "a federal court lacks jurisdiction to consider the timeliness of a § 2255 petition until a petition is actually filed" because "[b]efore the petition itself is actually filed, 'there is no case or controversy to be heard, and any opinion we were to render on the timeliness issue would be merely advisory."); United States v. McFarland, 125 Fed. Appx. 573 (5th Cir. Apr. 6, 2005) (unpublished) (same).

Accordingly, if Dominguez-Lopez wishes to file a § 2255 motion, he should do so as soon as possible. Once filed, the Court will then have the jurisdiction to determine whether his motion should be deemed timely filed. The Court reaches no conclusions herein as to whether Dominguez-Lopez would be entitled to any tolling as to any future motion. Instead, the Court will address the timeliness

of any § 2255 motion filed by Dominguez-Lopez after it is filed. Until that time, the Court lacks jurisdiction to entertain a motion for extension. See Shipman, supra; McFarland, supra.

## **CONCLUSION**

For the foregoing reasons, Dominguez-Lopez's motion for extension (D.E. 182) is DENIED. Additionally, the Clerk is directed to send to Dominguez-Lopez the forms for filing a motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255.

It is so ORDERED this 24th day of July, 2008.

United States District Judge